Online questionnaire



Methodology

fewer amount of respodents

personal relation

•flexible approach (not always)

descriptive results

respondents choosen by researcher

•

Quantitive research:

massive scale

impersonal relation

sticking with given questions

•percentage results

•respondents choosen by researcher/ respondent choose to participate (online survey)

Online questionnaire

•Easy to share

Multilingual option

Gathering results

European wide availability

Age categories

Born before 1946*

Baby boomers (1946-1964)

•Generation X (1965-1979)

•Generation Y (1980-1989)

•Generation C (1990-2000)

Born after 2000*

Faenza- working on the questionnaire





Faenza- working on the questionnaire





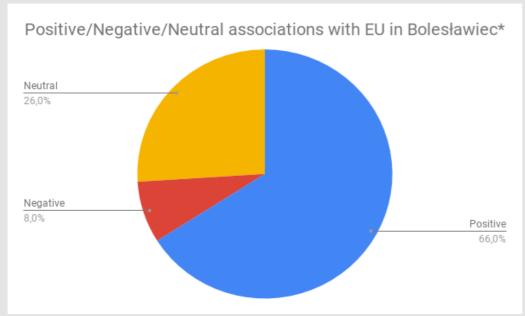
Faenza- working on the questionnaire





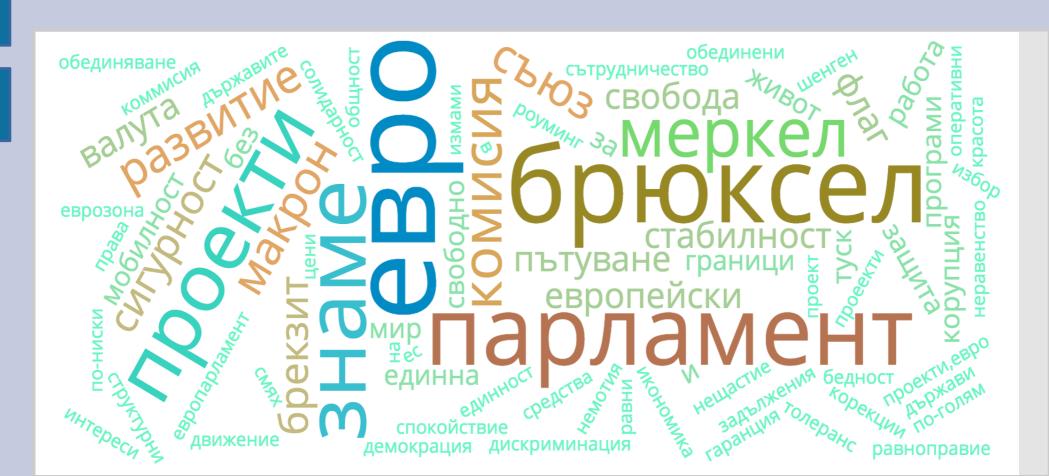
Name three words you think of when you hear "European Union"-

Bolesławiec



TOP 3 of the most popular words (Bolesławiec)			
1	Freedom	62	8,31 %
2	Community	33	4,42 %
3	Europe	15	2,01 %

Name three words you think of when you hear "European Union"- Byala



Name three words you think of when you hear "European Union"- Faenza



Name three words you think of when you hear "European Union"-Talavera



Name three words you think of when you hear "European Union" Schwäbisch Gmünd



Name three words you think of when you hear "European Union"-Bergerac



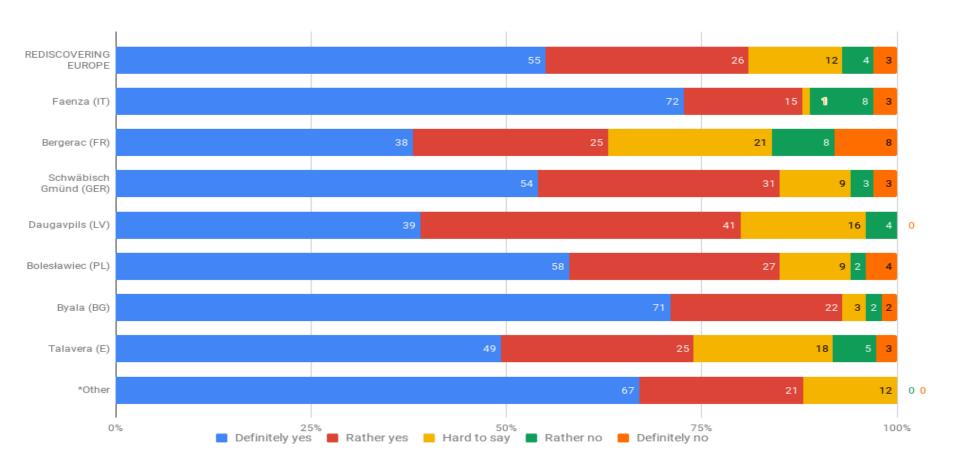
Name three words you think of when you hear "European Union"- Daugavpils



Name three words you think of when you hear "European Union"- Other*

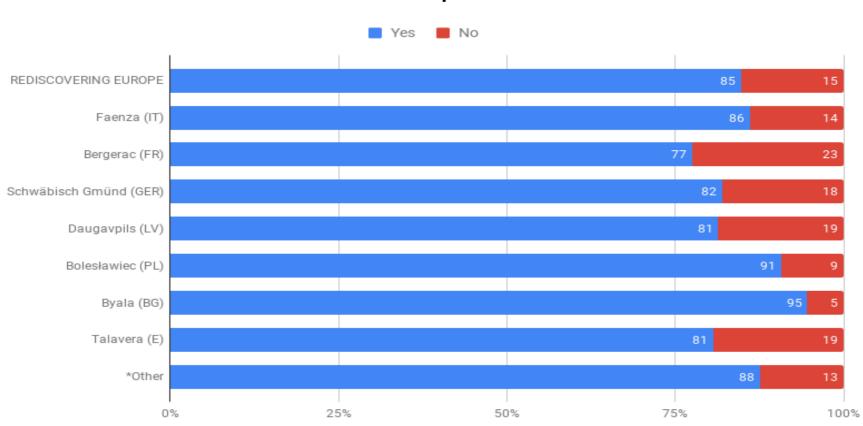


Are you content with the fact that your country is a part of the EU? (percentage)

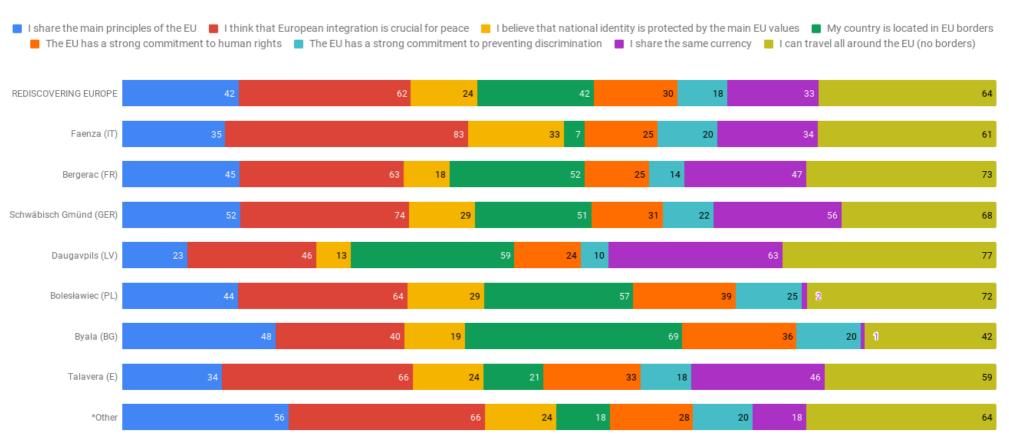


(percentage)

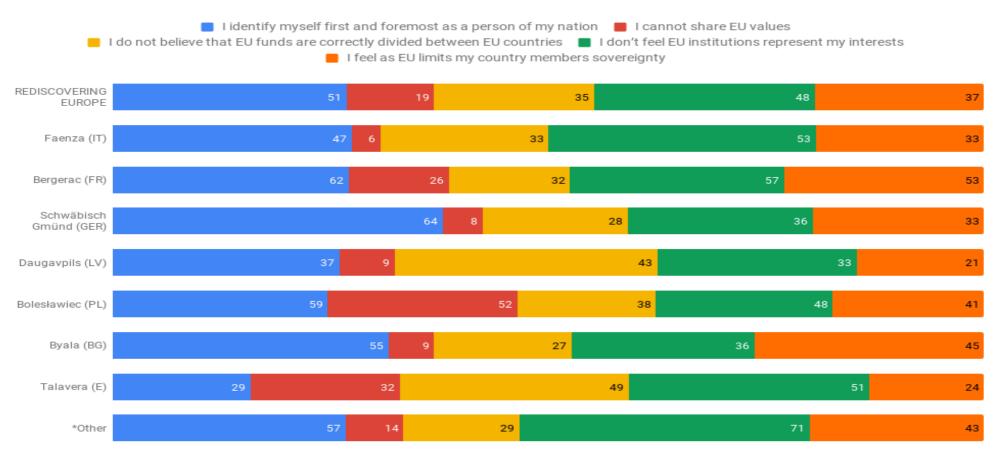
*filter question



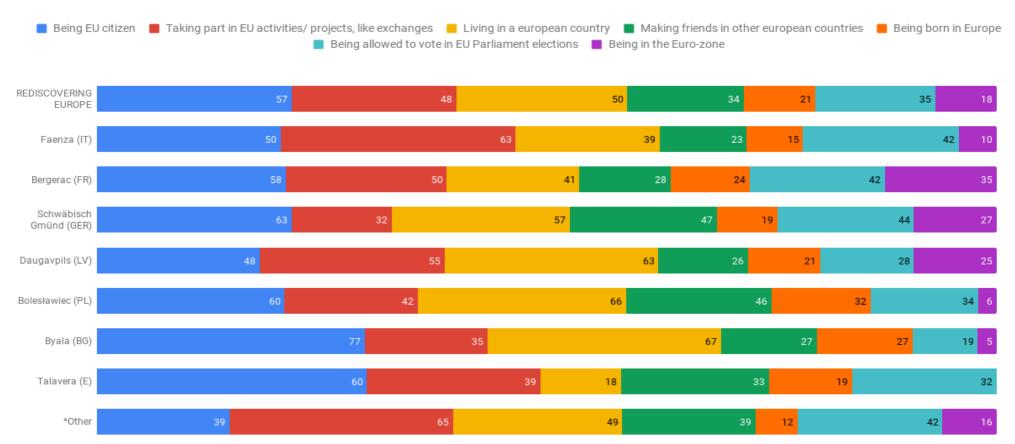
I DO feel European because (more than one option is available):



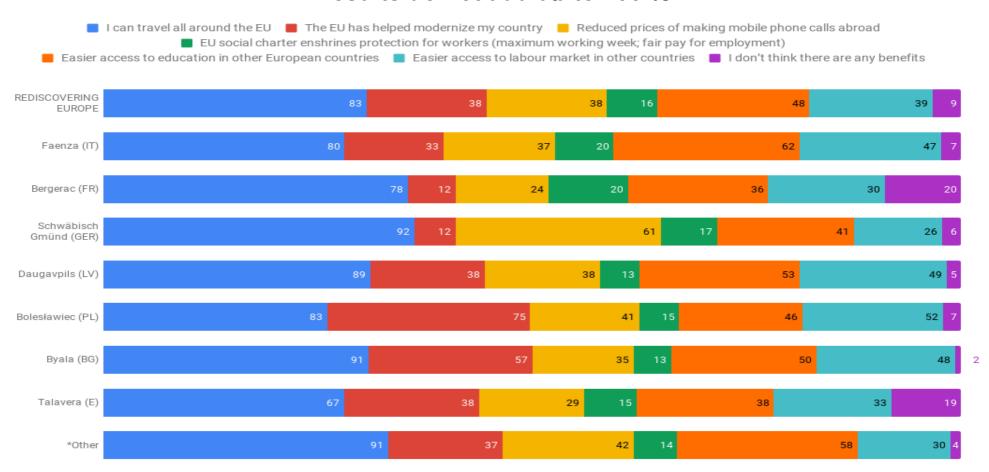
I DO NOT feel European because (more than one option is available):



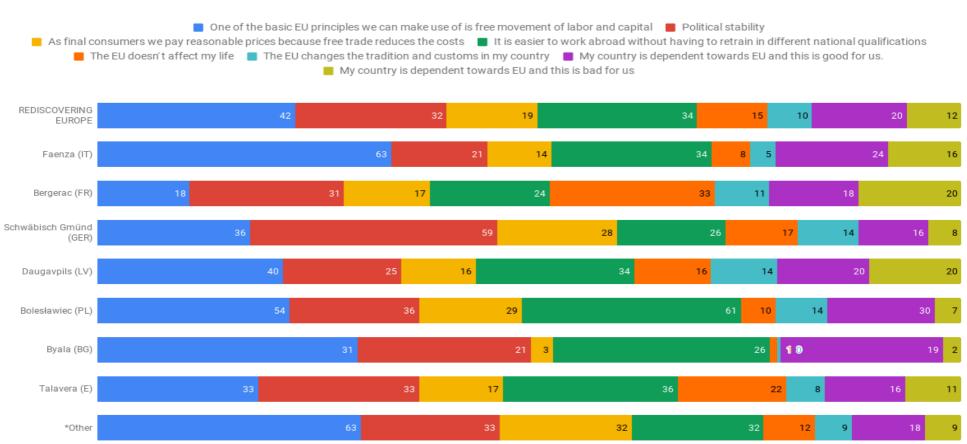
What is needed to feel "European" from your point of view? (more than one option is available)



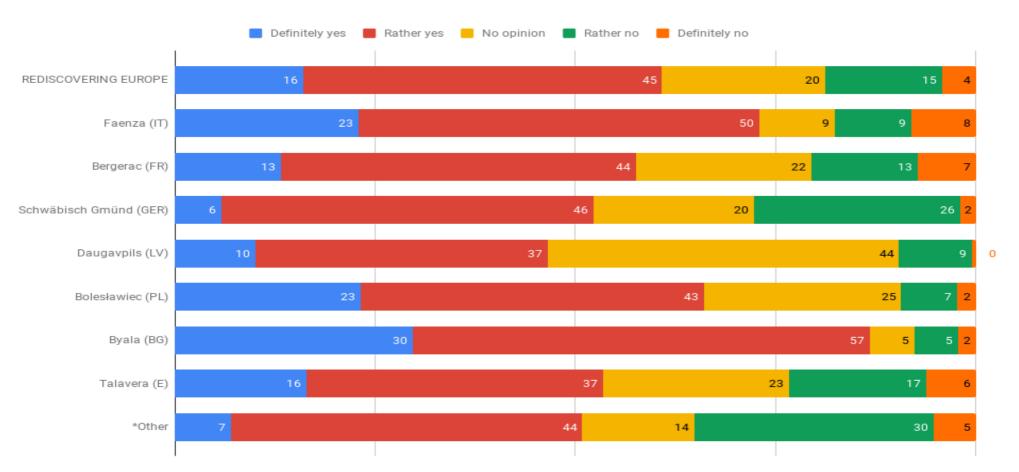
What advantages have you received of the EU membership? (more than one option is available):



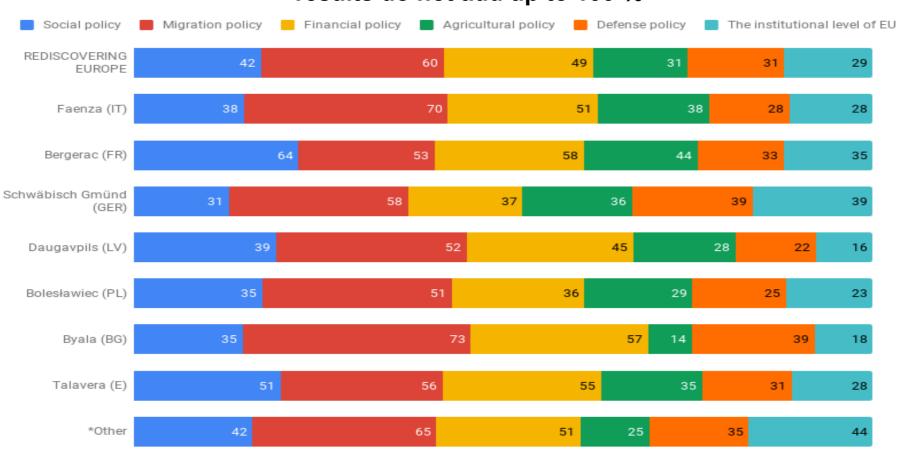
How does the EU affects your life? (more than one option is available):



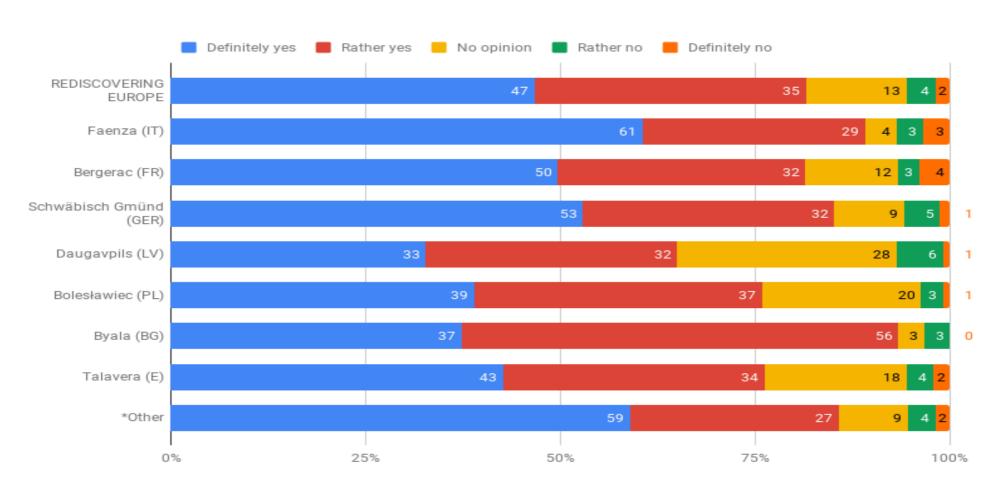
Do EU institutions have a capacity to cope with challenges? (percentage)



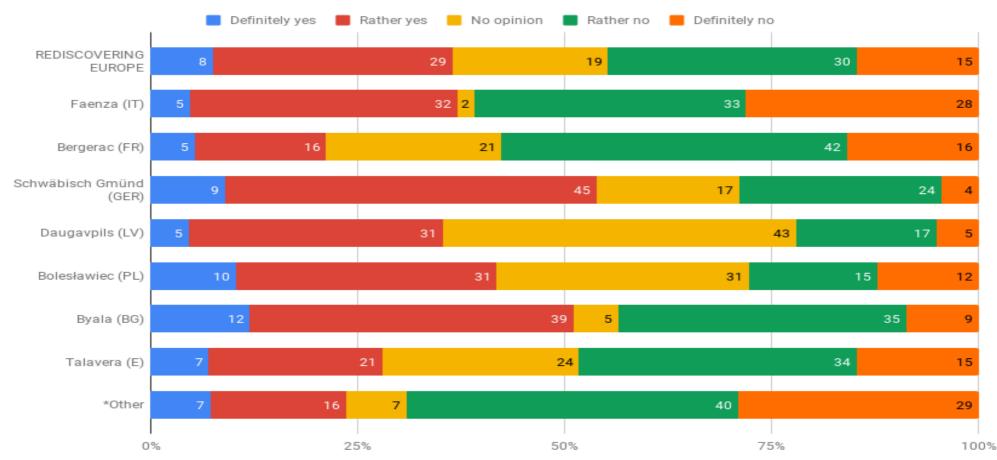
What would you like to change about EU? (more than one option is available):



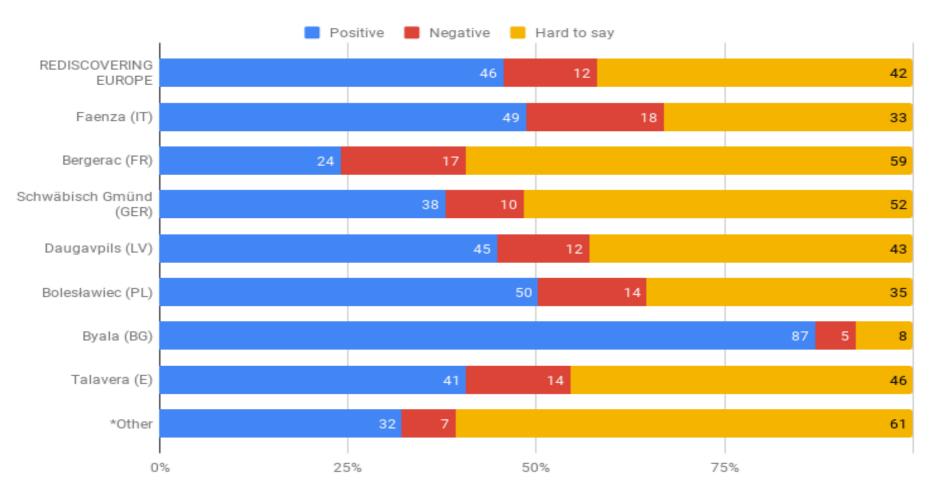
Is diversity, in your opinion, important for the EU? (percentage)



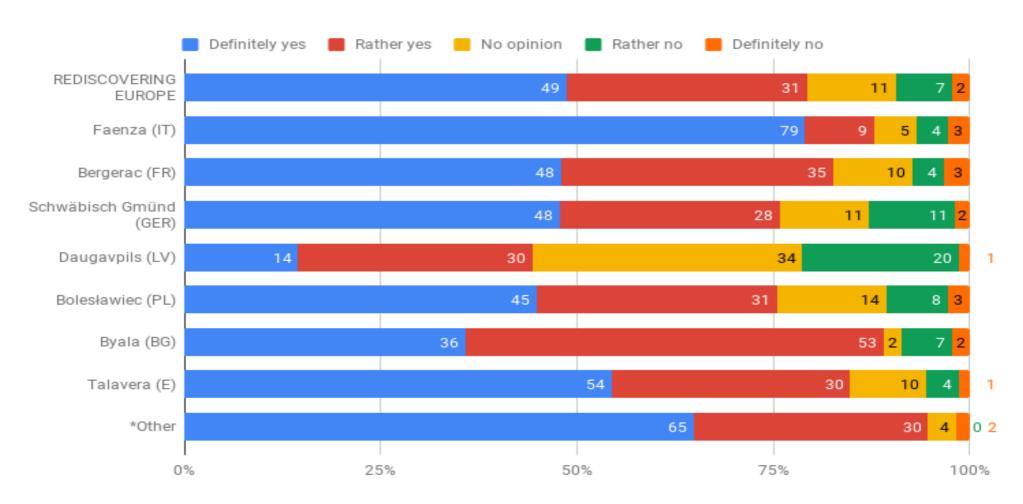
Do you think that Europe's response to immigration and humanitarian aid is good? (percentage)



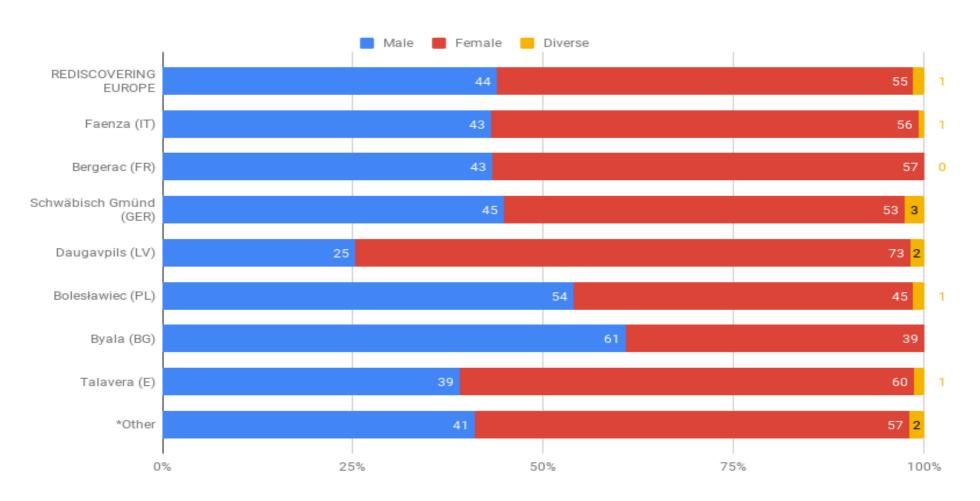
In my opinion the future of Europe is: (percentage)



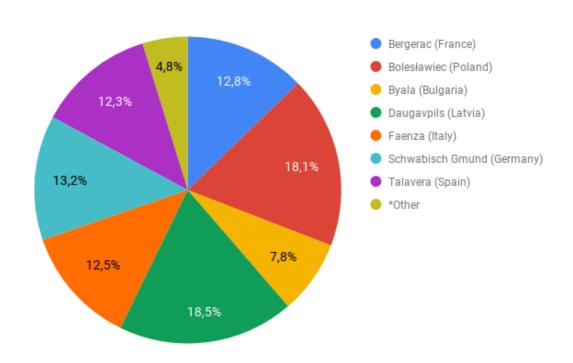
Do you think the EU should unite more? (percentage)



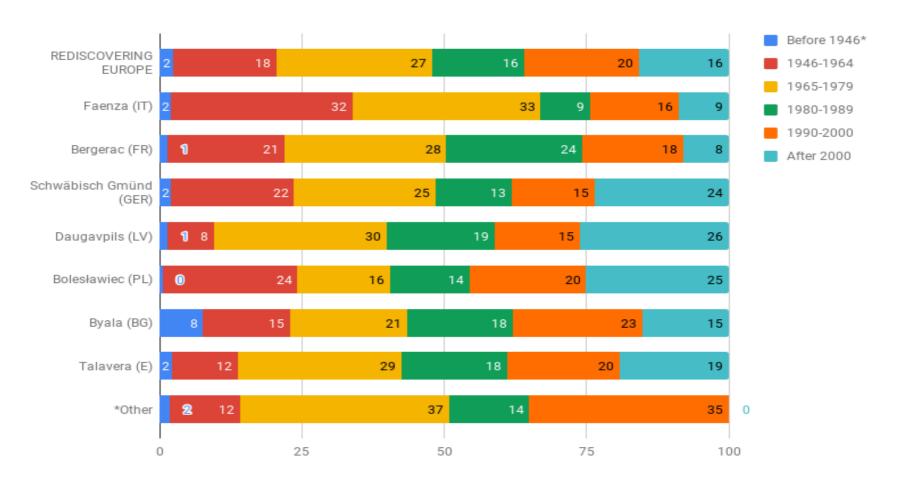
Gender



Where are you from?



Born between:



Main conclusions

- .81 % of responents claim they are content with the fact that their country is a part of the EU.
- In a several questions Byala was the most optimistic towards the EU and Bergerac the least optimistic.
- .85 % of respodents feel european, 15 % do not.
- .48% of respodents who do not feel europeans claim it's because EU institutiotns don't represent interests.
- •21 % of responents claim that it is necesserary to be born in Europe to feel europeans.
- 83 % of respodents picked travelling across EU as an advantage they received
- from EU, only 16 % picked protection for workers.

Main conclusions

- .60 % of respodents would like to change EU migration policy.
- .82 % of respodents claim that diversity is importnant for the EU.
- •37 % of respondents claim the EU response to immigration and humanitarian aid was right, 45 % disagree. No opinion option changes from 2 % (Faenza) to 43 % (Daugavpils)
- .46 % of responents claim that the future of the EU is positive, in Byala 87 % claim that.
- .80 % of respodents claim that EU should unite more, above average Faenza- 87 %.

Thank you!